

THE
OUTCROP
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\$2 a Year
—IN—
ADVANCE AND
\$5.00
TO PEOPLE
WORTHY OF
CREDIT.

THE OUTCROP.

Devoted to the Mining and Development of the Windermere and Golden Divisions of the District of North East Kootenay.

Vol. II., No. 43.

Canterbury, B. C., Thursday, March 27, 1902.

\$2.00 Per Year.

MAIL SERVICE

Windermere District Citizens All Favor Mail From Cranbrook.

The public meeting called at Peterboro last Thursday evening was well attended. In fact every point from Thunder Hill to Peterboro was represented and with one accord the assembly proclaimed in favor of a mail service from Cranbrook to Peterboro.

When the meeting was called to order Mr. S. Brewer, Fairmont, was duly elected chairman and Mr. Clark, Estuary, Peterboro, secretary.

The chairman at once stated that the object of calling the meeting was for the purpose of devising ways and means of improving the mail service of this district between Golden and Cranbrook. He pointed out how the mail service from Windermere to Fort Steele had been taken off and the inconvenience suffered by the settlers along the route. He thought there was not one man in 500 who would disagree with him in stating that the mail service was a necessity and that a mail should be run from Peterboro to Cranbrook. He estimated that between Windermere and Fort Steele that there were paid on 15,000 acres of land. He, therefore, claimed that the settlers had a right to demand a mail, and that the importance of the agricultural and mining industries, as well as the business interests of the people in the towns, demanded this mail service. He, like other settlers, had located along the road many years ago because of the long the mail route and now was deprived of this service, and some of his neighbors not have to travel 50 miles for their mail. He was not addressing from selfish motives, but from the broad principle of the welfare of the whole district.

The audience then insisted that Mr. Hugh MacLeod, address the meeting. That gentleman on rising said that he thought that if the matter had been decided before the stage was taken off it would have been kept on. There was no good reason why the mail should not be run. That a service from here to Cranbrook would be as good as a twice-a-week to Golden. That we may succeed if strong representations were made and each town represented, the line would be established. He thought that petitions should be got up by each town separately and sent to the Postmaster-General fully stating the case.

Mr. E. J. Sevier said that everybody knew that mail services in rural districts were not varying considerably and the government should assist this district by keeping it in touch with South East Kootenay. It was better to have communication with a mining country than a timber one.

Mr. R. A. Power thought it would be a good plan to send a letter to Ottawa with plans, etc., in his pocket and ready to make a good representation.

Mr. Wm. Starbird believed it a good plan to send a man to Ottawa, but for the fact that Inspector McLeod had been sent from Ottawa sometimes ago. He would suggest instead that individual letters be sent to the Department from every point from Cranbrook to Peterboro and that these letters be persisted in until the object was attained. He thought this would be more efficient than even a petition.

Mr. MacLeod thought this desirous thing very good, but that a letter should be sent to Ottawa.

Mr. E. N. Russell said that from a communication he received, the Department intended to run a mail from Windermere to Thunder Hill and from Fort Steele to Waa, but he could not see why they should omit the other 28 miles. Those who here who do their banking and other business in Cranbrook and the through route is much needed.

Mr. Blake strongly advised that Inspector Dorman be given equal consideration with the Department as all matters were referred to him first.

Mr. R. A. Timmon said he was very much in favor of a mail from Cranbrook and could do all he could to assist in getting it. He knew Inspector Dorman had been a great deal for the route and believed he would assist again if properly requested.

Mr. C. Estuary was very enthusiastic and made several lengthy speeches. He said that petitions would be sent into the Department from Cranbrook and Fort Steele and that these towns would assist in every way possible. That if the Windermere district was not a mining country it was nothing and it was important that communication be had from the mining country to the south. He very much favored Mr. Starbird's idea of individual letters.

W. P. Evans suggested that the proposed petition be sent to Mr. Galliker, M. P., with the request that he present it personally to the Postmaster-General and plead the cause. There were also speeches made by Messrs. J. A. Kirk, J. C. Fitts, E. Starbird and others favoring the project but space alone forbids their publication. The following resolutions were finally passed and unanimously approved by the meeting: "no dissenting" vote being heard:

Moved and seconded—That Mr. Starbird's idea of writing individual letters to the authorities periodically be adopted, and that committees be appointed from the various towns to visit that these letters are written and sent at regular periods to the Post Office Department at Ottawa—Carried.

That petitions be drawn up and signed by the people of Peterborough, Athlone, Canterbury, Windermere, Fairmont, Thunder Hill, Waa, Fort Steele and Cranbrook, in addition to individual letters, which petitions shall ask for a mail route from Cranbrook to Peterborough in such a manner as to give the people of this district a twice a week mail in conjunction with the Golden-Windermere route—Carried.

That one copy of the petition be sent to Inspector Dorman and the one addressed to the Postmaster-General be sent to Mr. Galliker for presentation to the Postmaster-General personally, with the request to plead the cause in our behalf—Carried.

That active committees be appointed in the various towns composed of: Messrs. F. L. Smith, C. Cameron and C. Cartwright for Athlone; E. Starbird, J. T. Tension and J. Bulman for Windermere; S. Brewer, Wm. French and Mr. Young, for Fairmont; H. Macdonald, W. S. Bettan and Geo. Starke, for Peterborough; R. S. Sato and R. S. Hallan for Canterbury; E. N. Russell and D. Hewerton, for Thunder Hill—Carried.

That W. P. Evans be appointed a committee of one to cover the district respecting individual letters.

That the committee in drafting the petition be instructed to embody in the

same that the petitioners withdraw their request for a twice-a-week mail from Golden to Windermere, which was made sometime since in favor of the through mail route, because we believe it to be more beneficial to the majority of the people in this district—Carried.

That a copy of the minutes of this meeting be sent to the Boards of Trade at Cranbrook, Fort Steele and Golden with the request to co-operate with us in our effort to have this mail route established—Carried.

That Messrs. H. McDonald, W. P. Evans and Chas. Estuary be appointed a committee to draft the petition—Carried.

What is All This Worth?

The News-Advertiser, speaking of the Paradise mine, concludes its article by saying: "The almost total absence of snow for three miles from the river has made transportation difficult, and a recent Chinook took away almost every trace of snow at the level of the Peterborough." What has become of the wagon road from Toly creek to the river that the Paradise are cannot be loaded over it? We were told by a resident of the upper country that the Paradise management were refusing to use this road because it grew to a disadvantage landing, and are seeking the Government for a road that will allow them to draw their ore through Peterborough to the river. We exuberantly credit the statement as it seems too silly for common sense consideration—Golden Breeze. Nox don't care.

DISTRICT CROPPINGS

Sacking the Bunyan Ore-Claims Looks Good.

J. H. Tynan came down from the Bunyan group, six miles west of Canterbury, Saturday night and in conversation said that the work on the property was progressing most favorably and that during the previous three days a great number of ore sacks had been filled. He said the men were now sinking on the ledge and some very large pieces of ore had been taken out. One piece of almost solid shipping ore had been found out that he and another man could handle easily. Dave Jackson was in Peterborough Tuesday and said that when he left the group they had six sacks filled. They had had several propositions made them recently for the group but they were not anxious to make a deal just yet.

Blue Ribbon Tea is a Leader.

Say, Paul! Have you written that letter to the Postmaster-General?

Messrs. J. Lake, C. Cartwright and H. Estelle visited the Bunyan group on Monday.

Who were the gentlemen who got out of their car and walked to shore near Athlone Saturday?

Tickets are being sold for a rally of 25 beautiful house plants, which may be seen at the residence of Mrs. Malcolm Cameron, Windermere.

Another mountain lion has made its appearance. J. Bonais saw it on the wagon road near O. A. Bonais's house and several people have seen its tracks since then.

If THE OUTCROP can get four men every week to subscribe for this paper at \$2 a year we will publish a column of the latest telegraphic news and deliver the paper in Windermere, Athlone, Peterboro and Canterbury every Wednesday evening. Those who have read \$2 in advance need only send us \$1. The amount of the high charges of telegraphic news we will be obliged to make some such arrangement as this. No show your enterprise. If we get four subscribers by next Monday we will try the experiment.

Blue Ribbon Tea on top, Santo next.

House 1618, and lot for sale in Peterboro. For particulars apply to J. Sedgewick, Peterboro.

Can. T. P. Armstrong came up on the stage from Golden Monday to Peterboro. He has been to the Coast.

There will be special Easter services held in Windermere, Athlone and Peterboro by Rev. Mr. Taggart, on Sunday next, March 30th.

A morning Easter service will be held in St. Peter's Church, Windermere, on Sunday morning, 11 a.m. Everybody is cordially invited to attend.

Mr. F. L. Smith left Athlone Tuesday for Golden. He was accompanied by Mr. P. Dargie, who will remain there for sometime before joining his husband in Idaho. She will be missed by a large circle of friends.

The program for the dance to be given in the Windermere Hall, on Friday evening, April 4th, is a decided change from all those yet printed in this district and all may depend upon a good time. Please do not ask to see the program before you reach the hall.

H. Estelle, manager of the Golden Place & Quartz Mining Co., came up Tuesday from Golden last week. He states that his company will start work on the Canyon creek property in May. He further states that the Century Company have indicated their intention of working their property this spring.

The charges for delivering messages from the Windermere telegraph office are: To Athlone and Canterbury, 10 cents; to Golden, 15 cents; to Peterboro, 20 cents; to Fairmont, 25 cents; to Toly creek, 30 cents; to Thunder Hill, 35 cents; to Waa, 40 cents; to Fort Steele, 45 cents; to Peterboro, 50 cents; to M. D. Smith, 55 cents; to M. D. Smith, 60 cents; to M. D. Smith, 65 cents; to M. D. Smith, 70 cents; to M. D. Smith, 75 cents; to M. D. Smith, 80 cents; to M. D. Smith, 85 cents; to M. D. Smith, 90 cents; to M. D. Smith, 95 cents; to M. D. Smith, 100 cents.

P. Starbird writes the Oremore from Kingman, Arizona, that he has been prospecting in that vicinity and already has struck what he believes to be a good claim. He states that it is a good camp and that there is little difficulty in disposing of prospects. The change in climate has evidently not effected his health as he says he has attended two dances in Kingman. We wish him every success.

Albert Banks, Wm. Thompson and Wm. Voss came last week from Fort Steele to Windermere, and went on to the similar Hot Springs, where they intend remaining for a short time. These men have been doing for some time with remuneration and other allments popular to the life of prospectors and mining men and they believe that Monday when Cortisquit was a quieted and Perkins will effect a case. They travelled 88 miles for this purpose. It is not this evidence that these springs could be made a paying proposition if properly handled and advertised?

Office Cameron has had three prisoners under his charge this week. On Saturday H. I. Perkins and J. Cartwright were arrested being charged by Mr. J. A. Kirk, P.E.S., with stealing a canoe from the Peterboro sawmill. They were taken by E. J. Smith, S.M., on Monday when Cortisquit was a quieted and Perkins giving King's evidence was allowed the liberty on giving bonds for \$500 good for six months and paying costs amounting to \$1250. Perkins evidently implicated Fred Hankins, who was arrested in the Court room and tried Tuesday, when he was fined \$50 or three months in jail.

NEW ZEALAND LAWS

New Zealand has become famous during the past six years because of her radical labor legislation. Situated 1,200 miles southeast of Australia, surrounded by water, it has a climate somewhat resembling that of California.

New Zealand is as yet a sparsely settled country, having 104,000 square miles of territory almost equal in size to Old Ontario and Pennsylvania and with a population of only 200,000. The population is somewhat concentrated.

New Zealand has been crossed with landrail, sheep, tramways, mill-races, but also has been so much, in the past seven years, to lighted out of existence. Six or seven years ago tramp work was as common as they are in the United States. Today they are very scarce, the few are those who prefer to be tramps, when they do the tramp will be to move in the nation. There was when a few great tramps owned the greater part of the land. A small tract graduated from two to two cents on the pound, with an extra two cents for absolute landless proved to be as heavy that most of the great estates were offered for sale. The government had also enacted a graduated income tax. These measures resulted in driving the great money lords from the nation. There is not today one millionaire and only one man worth a half a million in New Zealand.

He and it held its actual action, whereon resulted in land to the value of \$2,500 exempt from taxation. Besides the government, lands to the value of \$100,000 in various sections (not for sale but charging land) will be made available within three days as a rule, with a few more per day, including roads and other public improvements. He considered the action to support himself and family until he can have crops. The government is reimbursed for all the time and the increased value due to an increase of population, resulting in the larger use of the government railroads, telegraph, telephone, postal system, etc. New Zealand's exports average 245 a year for every man, woman and child.

The Land Tax
Is a tax on land value and also a graduated tax. The first law passed in relation to land was in 1876. It provided that not more than 320 acres could be sold by a land owner to any individual. But this did not prevent one individual from buying another. Next came the land tax quickly followed by the graduated income tax. Now a man's land is worth less than \$5,000 a certain rate is paid, if worth more than \$5,000 a certain rate is paid and so on. The result was that many men "lost" money. Robinson, who had acquired a hundred thousand acres had to sell many times over.

Labor Laws
In 1894 an act was passed with amendments in '96 and '98 which is known as The Industrial Constitution and Arbitration Act. Since this law has been in effect, with its amendments, there has not been a strike in New Zealand. The law encourages the formation of trade union societies are registered. The central office of Arbitration has the power to enforce its decisions, in case of refusal to obey a fine up to \$2,500 can be levied. This socialist law was enacted because organized labor dominated it and enforced its demands with their votes.

The Factories Act of 1904
Provided for the complete map of

all factories, the said "factories" meaning any place in which two or more people are employed. Children under 15 years of age are not permitted to work in factories. The law compels all employers to grant a half holiday each week with full pay. Good ventilation and sanitary conditions, the guarding of machinery, fire escapes, etc., are enforced. The half-holiday also prevails in the stores, banks, etc.

The employer's liability Act protects the workers, and provides for compensation for injury.

The Women's Wages Act enables the workman to obtain his wages 24 hours after they are due.

The Truck Act abolished the "Black" money. This was enacted in 1890.

The Workmen's Lien Act, '92, gives workmen a lien for wages.

This Statute and Section 433 of the Act does for the workers what the Factories Act does for the workers in the factories.

The Wages Attachment Act passed in 1895, prevents wages from 10 to 14 days being attached for debt.

The Coal Mines Act provides for working the coal mines with health and safety to the miners, and prevents women and boys from working in coal mines.

The last session of the New Zealand Parliament passed the Old Age Pensions. It has over 65 years of age who have lived in the nation for 25 years and are of good character and do not possess \$2,000 worth of property or enjoy an income of \$5 per year. The pension provided is 10 shillings per year, or \$10 for a pensioner and wife. It is thought this will be increased at the next session.

The Linear Traffic.

The sale of half an abolition of linear traffic is a matter of local opinion. The law, however, remains no action, but taxpayers may sell under license. It is a man to one man coming from one of these lines in a state of intoxication, the prohibition is arrested and fined; and for a second offence he forfeits his license forever. There is scarcely any drunkenness in New Zealand.

The Railroads.

New Zealand built her railroads, completing the first line in 1862. The number of miles now in operation is about 2,200. The fact that the work was done directly by the nation and the workers were, and are, in their work, allowed to elect their own men. The pay on the railroads averages about 50 per cent. higher than the wages on our American roads, and the 6,000 railway hands have an 8 hour workday. You can find thirty miles for 19 cents and for their services rendered the people. The annual net profit of the New Zealand railways average \$2,200,000.

The government also owns the telegraph and telephone, the rates being about 100 per cent. less than "G.M." Western Union companies. Both pay a profit. The workers enjoy the 8 hour work day and weekly half-holiday. The government also conducts the express business to the extent of all its people.

Postal Saving Banks.

Are a feature in New Zealand and are immensely popular. Any one may deposit money up to \$2,500. At present there are deposits in these banks a sum equal to \$40 for every man, woman and child in the nation. There are no banks (continued on Page 43)

THE OUTCROP.

Published Every Thursday in the heart of a Wonderfully Rich Mineral and Agricultural District.

Subscription, \$2.00 a Year; Foreign countries, \$2.50.

Exchange must be added on checks.

Advertising Rates: Display ads, 12 per column inch per month. Legal ads, 15 cents per column inch for first insertion and 10 cents each additional. Reading notices 25 cents per line each issue. Ninety day legal notices, \$10; sixty days, \$7.50; thirty days, \$5.

W. P. Evans.

Publisher and Proprietor.

CANTERBURY, B.C., THURSDAY, MARCH 27, 1902.

The meeting held in Peterboro on Thursday evening of last week proved to be very interesting, although it is to be regretted that some personalities were indulged in which could have well been left out. At least this is the humble opinion of The Outcrop and we believe, of nearly all who attended the meeting, and for this reason we have left out that portion of the doings in our report, which will be found on another page. Nevertheless, the meeting concluded harmoniously so far as its object was concerned.

Appended is a copy of the petition which was ordered by the meeting to be addressed to the Hon. William Mallock, Postmaster-General, at Ottawa:

Hox, Sir,—

The petition of the undersigned, residents of this place, humbly sheweth:

That the old and long established mail route from Windermere to Fort Steele was recently discontinued.

That the mail service furnished by this route fully answered the needs and requirements of the district as they stood at the date of its establishment.

That the subsequent growth and development of the mineral and agricultural resources of the country tributary to this route and the building up of new towns and populous centres north and west thereof failed to meet the new conditions occasioned by this progress and development.

With this progress and development the necessity of better mail facilities became urgent and a petition was forwarded to your Department a short time ago asking for a bi-weekly mail service from Windermere to Golden.

At a large and representative mass meeting held at Peterborough, on the 29th of March, 1902, to discuss the mail service question, resolutions were passed and unanimously adopted withdrawing the request for a bi-weekly service from Windermere to Golden embodied in said petition in favor of a weekly service from Peterborough to Cranbrook, which in conjunction with the present weekly service from Windermere to Golden would give a bi-weekly service.

The establishment of a mail route from Peterborough to Cranbrook possesses among others, the following advantages over the bi-weekly service asked for in said petition:

a. It would, in conjunction with the present Golden-Windermere service, furnish a bi-weekly service equally efficient to a similar service from Golden to Windermere.

b. The ranchers and other residents living along the old Windermere-Fort Steele route would have a better service than they enjoyed under the old system.

c. It would place the rich mineral resources of the Windermere District in closer touch with the older and better established mineral sections of South Kootenay and West Kootenay and thus insure a speedier development of the mineral resources of the district.

d. It would give an outlet to South and West Kootenay from which a large proportion of the prospectors and investors operating in the district come.

e. The expense of establishing this route would be no greater than that of the old Windermere-Fort Steele route recently discontinued.

Your petitioners earnestly trust that in consideration of the matters hereinbefore set forth your Department will see its way clear to grant this request, and your petitioners will ever pray.

Evidently Sir Wilfred Laurier is not so thoroughly infatuated with the Imperial idea as many of his colleagues and friends profess to be and would have him. According to the following from an Ottawa despatch the Premier and his ministry believe there should be a limit to Imperial reasons and he is right:

"The only question which, in the opinion of my ministry, gives promise of a full discussion is that of commercial relations between the various sections of the Empire.

"The political relations now existing between the Mother Country and the great self-governing Colonies, and particularly Canada, regarded by my ministry as satisfactory, with the exception of a few minor details, and they do not anticipate in the near future

O merchant! in thy hour of ease,
If on this paper you should see,
Take our advice and be thrice wiser,
Go straight out and advert here;
You'll find the prospect of some success,
Neglect can offer no success.
Be wise at once, prolong your day,
A silent business soon do k k k.

Canadian Pacific Railway**New Schedule****Effective October 13, '01**

Trains pass Golden:
Eastbound 15:10
Westbound 10:20

Stage for Windermere District leaves Golden at 8 o'clock Sundays and arrives in Golden at 15:30 on Fridays.

Passengers booked to all Eastern Canadian and United States points.

Berths reserved on Atlantic steamers for passengers to the Old Country.

Direct steamer service from Vancouver to

**China, Japan,
Australia, Alaska**

Full information and Illustrated Pamphlet furnished on Application.

J. E. WELLS, E. J. COYLE,
Agents, Golden, B.C. A. G. P. A., Vancouver

conditions of the colonies, that there can be any scheme of defence applicable to all.

"In the opinion of my ministers, there is but a limited range of subjects upon which the contemplated conference can be productive of useful action. Nevertheless my ministers and I realize the desirability of taking advantage of every opportunity for discussion by public men of the Mother Country and Colonies on questions of Imperial interests and Canada's representative will be prepared to give respectful consideration to any proposals that may be submitted by the Majesty's government or by representatives of other colonies."

We often wonder why men want to subscribe for a newspaper that advocates no other opinion but that in accordance with their own opinion. We would not give a button for a paper that agrees with every other paper.

P.T. Co.**General Merchandise****P.T. Co.**

**We Have the
Largest Stock of General
Goods of Every Description
To Select from in this District.**

The Miner, Prospector and Rancher

Supplied with Everything Needed at Lowest Prices.

Family Trade given every attention.

The Peterborough Trading Co.
PETERBOROUGH, B.C.

The man who stops his paper because he finds one article in it that opposes his pet notions is too nice for this wild world and should prospect over the great divide where "all is love."

The Cranbrook Herald says it has lost a few subscribers because it advocated a policy of buying from the home merchants, but the Herald says it can stand it and will not be muzzled. We admire you for that, Herald. About a year ago a man (?) told the Outcrop he did not like an article we published and said that he would pay up and stop his paper. We told him we hoped he would "pay up," but he has not yet.

**A Safe and Profitable
Investment
Buy a LOT**
in Canterbury the recognized
CENTRAL POINT

of North East Kootenay.

Capital hesitates to buy when not being able to obtain a deed of their property when paid for

Take no Chances in this Respect.

We Guarantee you a Deed on all Lots immediately on payment or Refund Money.

**The Canterbury
Townsite Co., Ltd.,**

**W. S. SANTO,
Agent,
Canterbury, B.C.**

OUR ORE SHIPMENTS

Following is the number of pounds of ore shipped from the Windermere District and the value so far as we have been able to ascertain, which will be augmented shortly:

Mine	Pounds.	Value
Paradise	1,598,310	
" In transit	300,000	
Delphian	78,831	\$3,829.26
" In transit	135,500	
Red Line, in transit	162,000	
Swamp	4,000	
White Oak	2,000	
Silver Bell	27,500	1,456.00
M. T. Fraction	34,000	2,252.29
" In transit	45,000	
Bunyan	1,000	49.00
	2,285,141	\$7,286.55

WHEN GABRIEL CALLS.

Here lies the dead "neath headboards stained by time,
In graves uncarved for; rusted heaps of earth;
Rough men whose lives on earth were black with crime,
Devoted of every mark of honest worth.
In days unnatural they met with death,
In blood stained garments they were hid from sight,
A curse clung to each victim's dying breath,
And hatred lit their eyes till dimmed of light,
With boots yet on their staid feet
The "H" he
Till Gabriel's trumpet blows from on high,
Here lies old Texas Joe, who met his death
From hand of one who was of slicker fire,
And Texas Sam, whose fond of breath
Shipped from him when he called Black Bill a liar,
And here is Pater Pater, who tried to steal
The fabled affection of sporty lady's dame,
And this is the board stands upon Bowley's Tomb,
Whom did not make modesty in his aim
When with shrouds he was tightly fast,
Went out to hunt each other in the street,
Here lies the slumped frame of Smoky Tim,
Whose stolen horse failed miserably speed;
And here beside him sleeps old Greaser Jim,
Who was a scoundrel ragged and tattered,
Just over there lies the scoundrel Joe,
Who died with boots too tight of his gung make,
And just beyond they planted Tommy Lave,
Who made a fatal play to grab the stick,
Front of the table in a game of draw—
"Bluff," the boys said, "nobody but he could bluff,"
Here's Bob the Methodist and Sleepy Ike,
And Doughface Henderson and Whiskey Mack,
And poor Joe Bowers (not the man from Pike),
And Fats Dick and Three-Fingered Jack,
And others, names unknown, lie in this row;
And standing in this border burial ground,
Rude and uncarved for, comes the passing thought
That when the dead wake at the trumpet sound
Old Gabriel will be filled with mute surprise
To see this gang of thoroughbred, arched—Denver Post.

Love's Sacrifice.

"I shall have to give you up!" It was in the year 1900, and as he spoke the youthful son of a once noble household buried his face in his hands and groaned aloud.
"Yes," he said, "my darling, much as I love you, I cannot subject you to all the privations that a marriage in my present circumstances would entail on my wife. Three weeks ago I was rich and prosperous; the head of a large firm

estate that my father had bequeathed to me, and on the most familiar and intimate terms with the Emperor. Nothing, it seemed, stood in the way of my continued success. Suddenly, however, another syndicate bought above me, and I was quickly overshadowed. And now, after having been obliged to sell out, I find that all my carefully accumulated amount only to the paltry sum of eight millions and a half!"

The girl at his side wept watered, but, firm and resolute, her voice betraying the great love and determination that animated her in spite of this terrible blow, she rushed to her disconsolate lover and threw her arms around his neck.

"My own dearest, she cried passionately, "why, I would marry you if you were worth no more than a million!"

Tom Mason in Smart Set.

The Romans had a complete system of sub-deposit vaults, whose rules and regulations were very similar to those in use in the present day.

Even in the earliest times the ancients were acquainted with the use of mercury for amalgamating gold, and it was very generally employed for that purpose.

In 1512 the Spaniards, while exploiting the rich gold places of Carayaca in Peru, discovered and worked a tract weighed 4 arrobas, 12 lb. and took out another of nearly equal weight.

One of the reasons that we have poverty is because labor does not get its full share of the product. Intemperance frequently causes poverty, and poverty is often the father of intemperance.

One hundred years ago England produced the most copper of any country—about 7,000 tons—in 1901 about 300 tons. Copper extraction began in the United States in 1845. Modern copper smelting came up during the past decade. The Rio Tinto and Tharsus mines afforded the largest supply of wet extraction of copper.

This Company now offers for sale their lands along the Columbia River and Lake in blocks of 160 acres and upwards. These lands have been carefully selected and comprise some of the best agricultural and grazing locations in the district. Prices from \$1.00 to \$5.00 per acre on easy terms, a cash payment of only \$120.00 on 160 acres at \$5.00 and nine subsequent annual payments of \$100.00 each including interest.

For maps and terms apply to—
R. R. BRUCE,
Peterborough, B. C.

A. TAYLOR,
District Land Agent,
Nelson, B. C.

F. T. GRIFFIN,
Land Commissioner,
Winnipeg, Man.

NOTICE.
Parties cutting timber or wood on the lands of this Company without authority will be prosecuted.



NOTICE.
"Bills of Sale Act."

Notice is hereby given that that portion of the Order in Council of the fifth of September, 1900, which provides that the place for registration of Bills of Sale in the North Riding of East Kootenay Electoral District shall be the office of the Registrar of the County Court at Golden has been rescinded, such rescission to take effect on the 1st day of April, 1902.
And under the provisions of the Bills of Sale Act, as amended by the "Bills of Sale Act Amendment Act, 1900," the Honorable the Lieutenant-Governor in Council is pleased to order that on and after the first day of April, 1902, the place for registration of Bills of Sale in the portion of the North Riding of the said East Kootenay Electoral District being north of a line commencing at a point on the west boundary of the said North Riding of East Kootenay Electoral District, which is the source of Bugabo Creek; thence easterly, following Bugabo Creek to its mouth; thence due east to the boundary of the Province, shall be the office of the Registrar of the County Court at Golden; and that on and after the first day of April, 1902, the place for the registration of Bills of Sale in the portion of the said North Riding of the said East Kootenay Electoral District being south of the said line shall be the office of the Registrar of the County Court at Peterborough.

J. D. PRENTICE,
Acting Provincial Secretary,
Provincial Secretary's Office,
1st March, 1902.

J. A. KIRK,
DOMINION AND
PROVINCIAL
LAND SURVEYOR.
Peterborough, British Columbia.

HUGH MACDONALD,
BARRISTER,
SOLICITOR,
NOTARY PUBLIC.
PETERBOROUGH,
North East Kootenay, British Columbia.

ROBERT ELLIOTT, M.D.,
PHYSICIAN AND
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CANADA'S
MINERALS

A summary of the mineral production of Canada for the year 1901 has been prepared by the geological department. The total mineral production for the year was \$109,000,000 as compared with \$144,888,000 in the year previous, or a total increase of \$12,000,000, nearly five millions. In 1895 the total mineral production was a little over twenty million dollars.

The entire gold production is valued at \$24,462,222, of which the Yukon gold fields contributed \$18,000,000. Of copper there was \$6,911,104; pig iron, from Canadian ore, \$1,121,113; lead, \$2,199,784; nickel, \$4,501,521; silver, \$2,993,608; and iron ore exports, \$762,281. There was also the production of asbestos, a total of \$12,528,333 non-metallics, and \$700,000 products not returned, which, added to the non-metallics makes a total production of \$69,407,931.

Coal production is valued at \$14, 671, 122; coke, \$1,244,200; petroleum, \$850,415; asbestos, \$1,180,031, and building material, \$18,820,000.

Notwithstanding a decrease in the gold output of 1901, the increase in the total production is equivalent to 8 per cent. This is a decrease of over four millions in the gold output from the Yukon, but in British Columbia there was an increase of one million dollars. There was a falling off in the lead production over 20 per cent.

Leaving the Yukon district out of consideration, the permanent metal mining industries show an increase of nearly 37 per cent, notwithstanding the falling off in the lead production. The increase in pig iron was 134 per cent; of copper, 115 per cent; nickel, 28 per cent; asbestos, 78 per cent, and coke, 94 per cent.

In the production of pig iron in Canadian furnaces, an increase of 184 per cent is recorded. This increase is due largely to the operation of the Dominion Iron and Steel company at Sydney, N.S. In steel furnaces, which are not included in the general table, there was made 11,048 tons of steel ingots.

NEW ZEALAND
LAWS

(Continued from Page 1)

failures, no cashiers going to Canada or South America.

The free school system of New Zealand ranks high. The law commands all children over seven and under fourteen to attend school. There are free high schools and universities. The railways carry all children who live at a distance to and from school free.

Woman suffrage is enjoyed, and it is the universal testimony that the women are equally interested with the men in all public affairs. The women poll a vote worth 5,000 as great as that of the men. If any voter fails to vote his name is stricken from the check book until he can give a good reason for the failure.

Government life insurance has also been established with rates much less than the private companies, and it has already become so popular that the government does more insurance business than all the private companies combined.

New Zealand has had her trial. She was thinned to a costly and bloody war with the savage Maori tribes that lasted from 1863 to 1868. She has had her share of the unemployment, her strikes, her tramps, her pauperism, and a plague. She has pretty near got rid of them all simply by the enactment of a few common sense laws. She has made swarming dens impossible; she has nearly emptied her jails and poor houses and today there is less crime, less poverty, less misery, less tramps, less pauperism, and more prosperity per capita in New Zealand than any other nation in the world. New Zealand has not stopped progress from now on she will crush more and more simple legislation. Her people are intelligent, more so than any other nation. The number of people unable to read or write in New Zealand is less per capita than in any other nation. She has been wise in the past. She will show greater wisdom in the future.

Mail to Thunder Hill
Established

Mr. R. A. Kimpton, of Windermere, wrote THE OUTCROP Monday as follows:

"Dear Sir,—Per mail this evening I have received word that the post offices at Fairmont and Thunder Hill are to be re-opened on the 1st prox. The mail is to leave here on Tuesday's and return the same day or as soon as it can conveniently. I have been awarded the contract of carrying this mail."

Santo sells Blue Ribbon Tea because it is the best.

Tax Ores are on sale at A. R. Yates' Drug Store in Peterboro.

Chas. Esterson left for Cranbrook last week on a business trip. He will do missionary work for the mail service while away.

The Marysville Tribune is working very hard to convince people that the town is there to stay and that their smelter is a sure thing.

The Cranbrook Herald wants the Mining Record office at Fairmont moved to Cranbrook. The Prospectors don't worry much over it.

Messrs. Miles McMillan, E. A. Beaman, Dan. Esterson and Thos. Powell left Atholmer last week for Thunder Mountain, Idaho. They will drive all the way. Then, Ryan and Wan, Moore accompanied them to Marysville.

It has been decided to add to the good program now being prepared for the Peterboro School Concert, a luncheon. This should draw a good crowd, and everything possible is being done to make it a success. Remember the date, Tuesday, April 1st.

Late visitors to the Paradise mine are enthusiastic over the big body of ore showing. One man is reported as saying that if the Paradise is not a big mine there is not a big one in British Columbia, and he has been pretty well all over this Province.

Try The Outcrop for Job Printing.

There is no restriction in the United States mining laws on the number of claims one man can locate in a district or state. Miners by local laws can make limits on the number of claims one man can locate in a mining district. It does not matter whether the locations are of holes or claims.

To lighten loads that have been burned they should first be cleaned. Then take common machine oil and fudge chuders; make a bed of the chuders, heat the tools, put them in a chuder bed and pour the oil on them till they are partly cooled off. Having put plenty of oil on the tools, cover them with the chuders and ashes, burying them deeply. They should be left so for 12 or 15 hours.

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MINING AGENT.

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Stranger

Should your wanderings take you to this remote sphere take you to
Peterborough

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The cuisine supplied assays high. The bedrooms are large, airy and luxuriously furnished. The other accommodations are unequalled in the district, and the brands of bottled comforts kept in stock are headlighting and soul-inspiring when taken in proper quantities. The proprietors invite you.

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